

# SCALABLE INTERACTIVE DATA VISUALIZATION

Florian Chen and Thomas Gärtner — TU Wien, Vienna, Austria

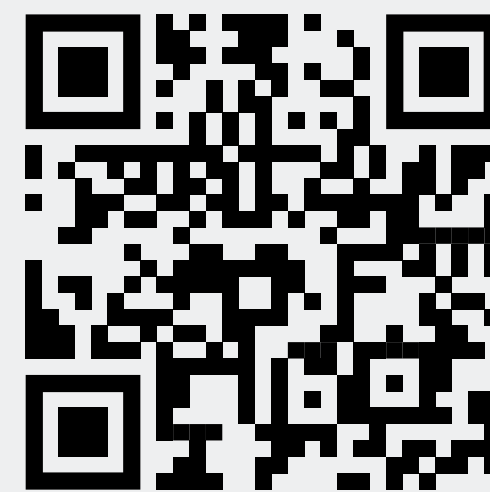
## MOTIVATION

Data visualization is crucial for exploration, and interactive visualizations enable dynamic adjustments.

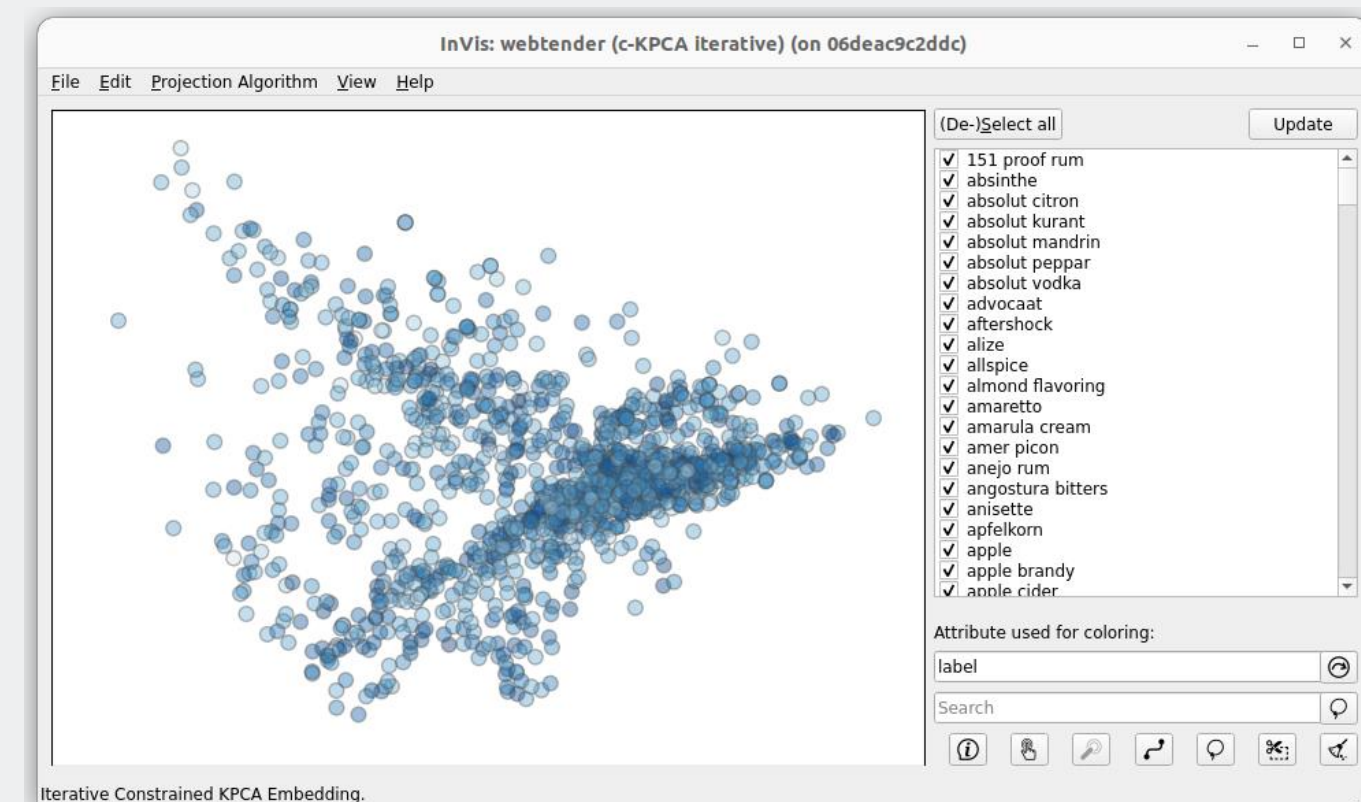
**Control points** offer direct interaction, allowing users to move points, affecting other points based on similarity.

Prior implementations are often **slow** on large datasets due to recalculations needed as a point is dragged around.

## APPLICATION



Check it out!



We implemented all our algorithms in an updated version of *InVis* [1]!



## KNOWLEDGE-BASED KERNEL PCA

Knowledge-based kernel PCA [2] extends kernel PCA with constraints for user interaction. (e.g. **control point**)

We seek functions  $f_1 \dots f_d$  that maximize:

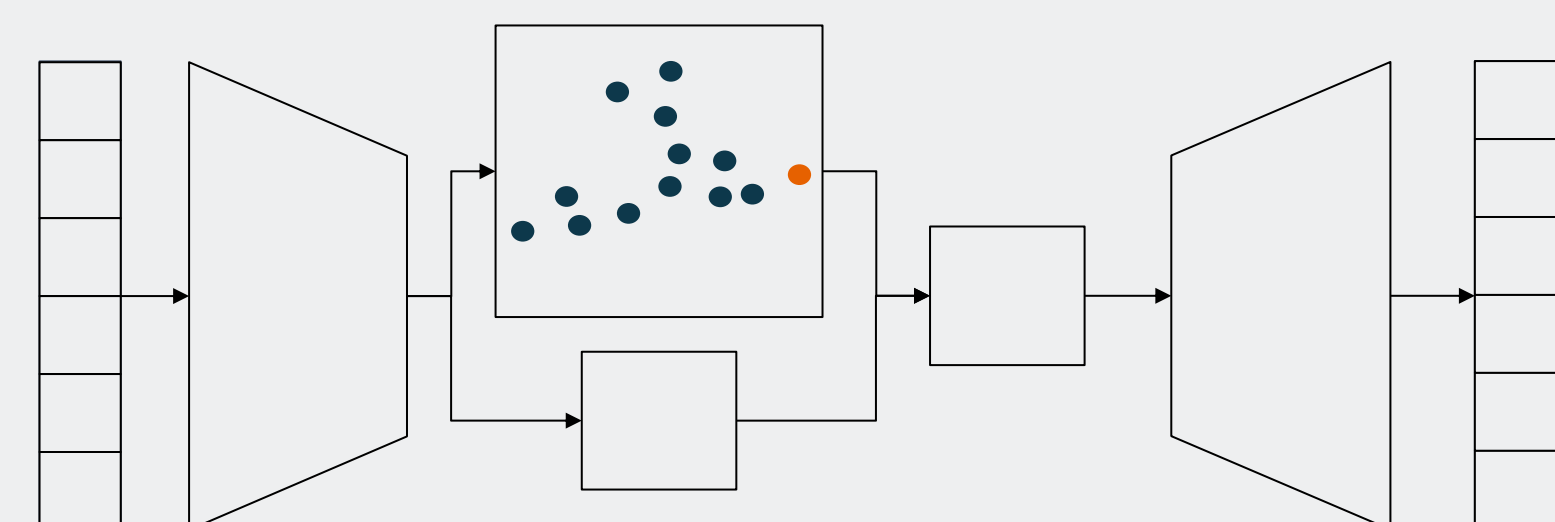
$$f_s^* = \underset{f \in \mathcal{H}}{\operatorname{argmax}} \underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (f(x_i) - \langle f, \mu \rangle)^2}_{\text{Maximize variance}} - \nu \underbrace{\sum_{s'=1}^{s-1} \langle f_{s'}, f \rangle^2}_{\text{Maximize orthogonality}} - \rho \underbrace{\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \|f(x_i) - y_{si}\|^2}_{\text{Control point constraint}}$$

subject to  $\|f\|_{\mathcal{H}_X} = 1$

## VARIATIONAL AUTOENCODER

Visualize means of a two-dimensional embedding learned by a variational autoencoder (VAE)

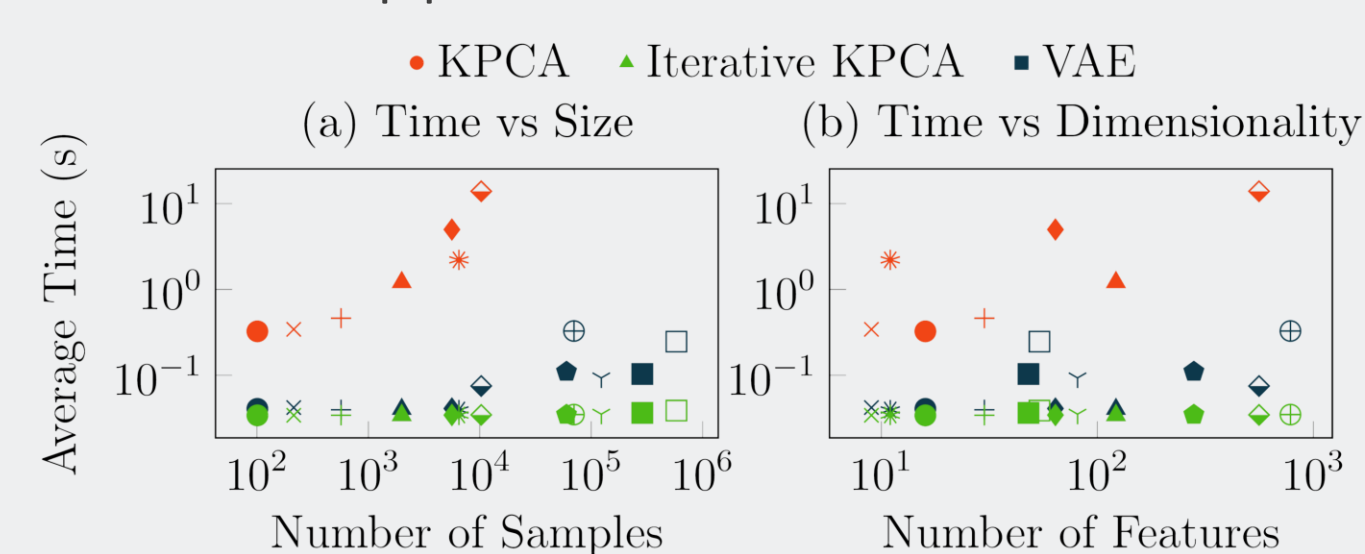
Fine-tune VAE with added **control point** location loss



## EXPERIMENTS AND RESULTS

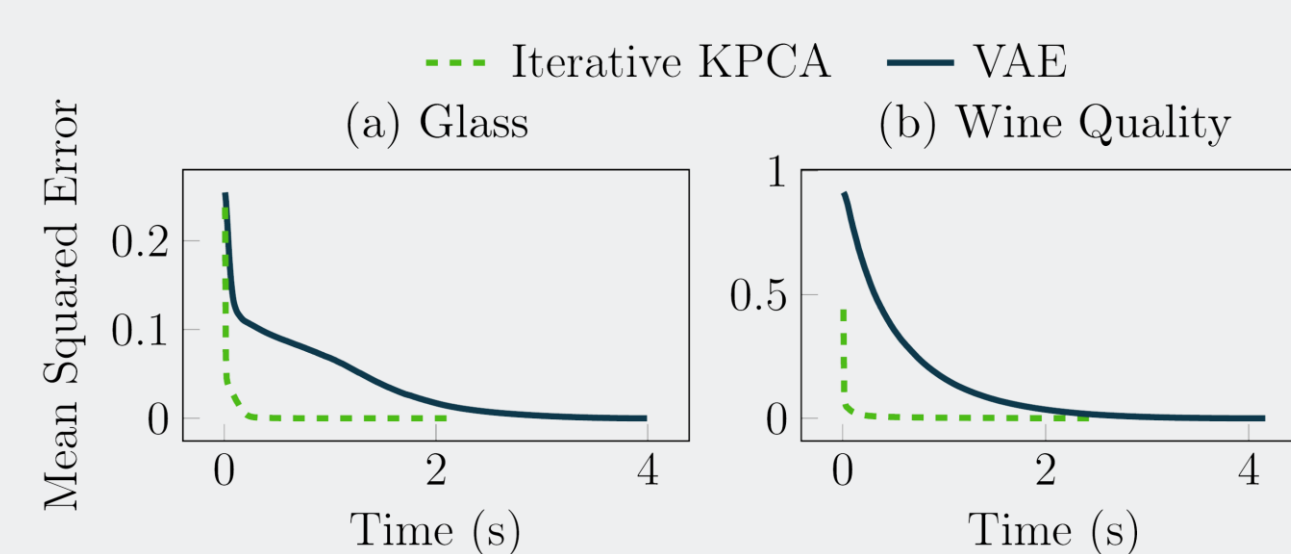
### Scalability

Test update time on various datasets  
Iterative approaches scale better



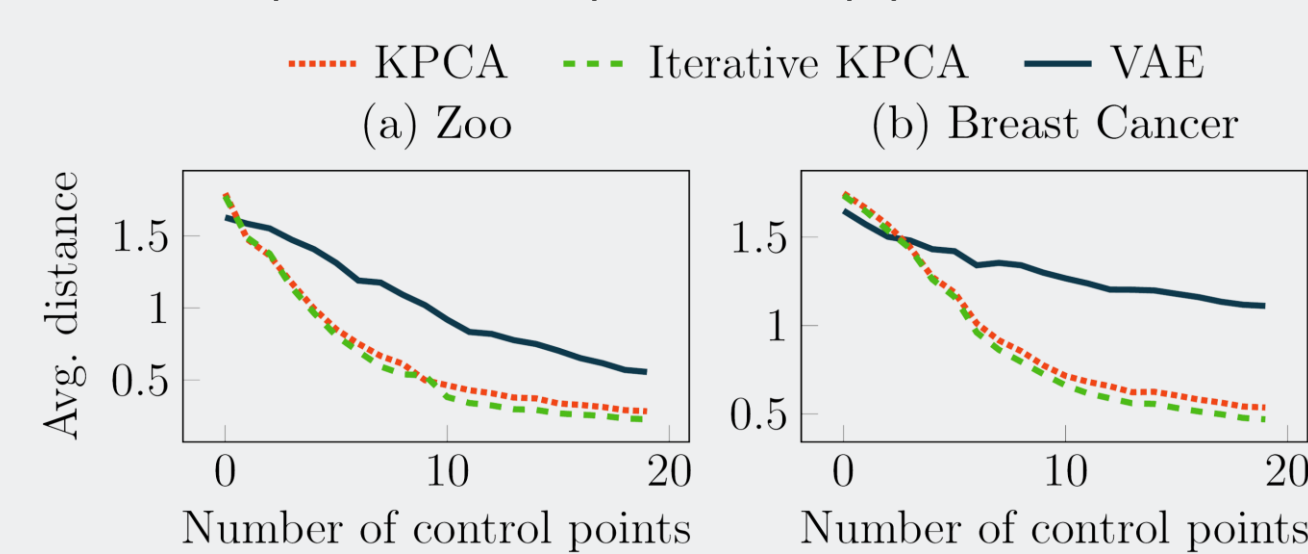
### Convergence

Measure MSE to the final embedding  
Largest changes at the beginning



### Flexibility

Use **control points** to approx. embedding  
More points improve approximation



1. Paurat, D., Gärtner, T.: *InVis: A tool for interactive visual data analysis* (2013)

2. Oglic, D., Paurat, D., Gärtner, T.: *Interactive knowledge-based kernel PCA* (2014)